Trusted Artificial Intelligence Challenge for Systems Engineering: Results and Insights

Overview for the SE4AI/AI4SE Workshop

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Principal Investigator: Emma Meno

Presented By: Sami Saliba



Background and Motivation

- Rapid AI advancements can introduce both performance improvements and risks for mission-critical systems, particularly in uncertain/evolving conditions
 - Under-utilization \rightarrow reduced mission effectiveness
 - Over-reliance → misplaced confidence & inadequate oversight
- Trusted AI Challenge for Armaments Systems Engineering (SE) aimed to develop SE methods capable of enhancing trustworthiness of AI-enabled systems (AIES), particularly in life-critical operational settings
 - **Trustworthiness** = intrinsic system property, demonstrated through attributes like verifiability, reliability, safety, & transparency
 - Build/operate systems with trustworthy behaviors using less trustworthy components

Primary Research Questions:

- 1. What SE activities and artifacts are best suited to build trust in AIES?
- 2. What infrastructure is needed to validate trust of AIES?
- 3. What workforce skills & abilities are required for integrated product teams to develop and manage these systems?













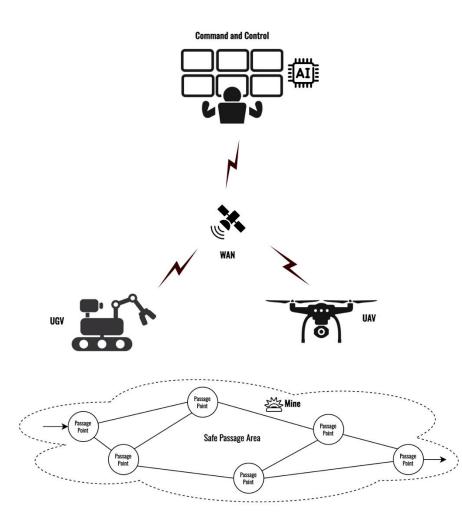
Mission – Operation Safe Passage

Goal: design trusted AI-enabled control system capable of guiding troops through mine-laden terrain

 Determine optimal routing and detection policies that balanced speed, safety, and trustworthiness

Three agents:

- Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAVs) providing aerial reconnaissance and forwarding mine detection estimates based on environmental scans
- Mine Detection Systems with AI-enabled estimator and human SME with varying reliability
- Unmanned Ground Vehicles navigating terrain to defuse mines and create path for human troops



Trust integrated by providing mine detection systems *as-is*

Competition Phases

Heat 1: Concept Development

- Proposed initial system designs
- Documented trust assumptions
- > Produced foundational SE artifacts

Heat 2: Prototype Demonstration

- Developed & deployed prototypes
- Translated theoretical trust frameworks into operational architectures

Heat 3: Lethality Integration

Refined systems to include realistic operational challenges (e.g. complex environmental conditions, additional agents, explicit lethality)

Al Performan	ce Table (% Acc	curacy)								
	Row Index									
Column Index	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.73	0.95	0.95	0.73	0.94	0.95	0.96
2	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.70	0.95	0.73	0.73	0.95	0.96	0.96
3	0.95	0.95	0.94	0.72	0.70	0.72	0.56	0.95	0.96	0.96
4	0.95	0.56	0.95	0.70	0.68	0.56	0.57	0.95	0.95	0.96
5	0.56	0.57	0.68	0.62	0.94	0.57	0.95	0.96	0.94	0.96
6	0.57	0.57	0.68	0.64	0.94	0.57	0.95	0.96	0.95	0.96
7	0.96	0.57	0.70	0.65	0.94	0.56	0.57	0.95	0.95	0.96
8	0.96	0.96	0.68	0.65	0.94	0.56	0.57	0.94	0.96	0.96
9	0.96	0.96	0.69	0.67	0.70	0.56	0.56	0.96	0.96	0.95
10	0.96	0.96	0.72	0.95	0.72	0.56	0.56	0.96	0.96	0.95

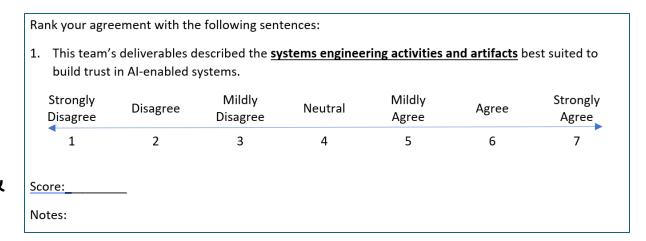
Human Perfor	rmance Table	(% Accuracy)								
	Row Index									
Column Index	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.85	0.90	0.90	0.75	0.90	0.90	0.90
2	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.85	0.90	0.75	0.75	0.90	0.90	0.90
3	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.85	0.85	0.75	0.75	0.90	0.90	0.90
4	0.90	0.56	0.90	0.85	0.70	0.75	0.75	0.90	0.90	0.90
5	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.90	0.75	0.95	0.90	0.90	0.90
6	0.57	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.90	0.75	0.95	0.90	0.90	0.90
7	0.90	0.75	0.85	0.75	0.90	0.75	0.75	0.90	0.90	0.90
8	0.90	0.90	0.75	0.75	0.90	0.75	0.75	0.90	0.90	0.90
9	0.90	0.90	0.75	0.75	0.85	0.75	0.75	0.90	0.90	0.90
10	0.90	0.90	0.85	0.90	0.85	0.75	0.75	0.90	0.90	0.90

Surface Type 1	Γable									
	Row Index									
Column Index	1	2	3	4	. 5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Grassy	Grassy	Grassy	Rocky	Sandy	Sandy	Rocky	Sandy	Sandy	Swampy
2	Grassy	Grassy	Grassy	Rocky	Sandy	Rocky	Rocky	Sandy	Swampy	Swampy
3	Grassy	Grassy	Grassy	Rocky	Rocky	Rocky	Wooded	Sandy	Swampy	Swampy
4	Grassy	Wooded	Grassy	Rocky	Rocky	Wooded	Wooded	Grassy	Grassy	Swampy
5	Wooded	Wooded	Rocky	Rocky	Sandy	Wooded	Grassy	Grassy	Grassy	Grassy
6	Wooded	Wooded	Rocky	Rocky	Sandy	Wooded	Grassy	Grassy	Grassy	Grassy
7	Swampy	Wooded	Rocky	Rocky	Sandy	Wooded	Wooded	Grassy	Grassy	Grassy
8	Grassy	Swampy	Rocky	Rocky	Sandy	Wooded	Wooded	Grassy	Grassy	Grassy
9	Swampy	Swampy	Rocky	Rocky	Rocky	Wooded	Wooded	Swampy	Swampy	Grassy
10	Swampy	Swampy	Rocky	Sandy	Rocky	Wooded	Wooded	Swampy	Swampy	Grassy

Judging Criteria and Scores

Judges used 7-pt Likert Scale to indicate extent of agreement with twelve positively worded statements

- Highest & lowest scores eliminated
- Scores calculated based only on sponsor & industry judges to remove academic bias



Statements included statements related to research questions as well as design patterns, risk-based monitoring, best practices & novel approaches

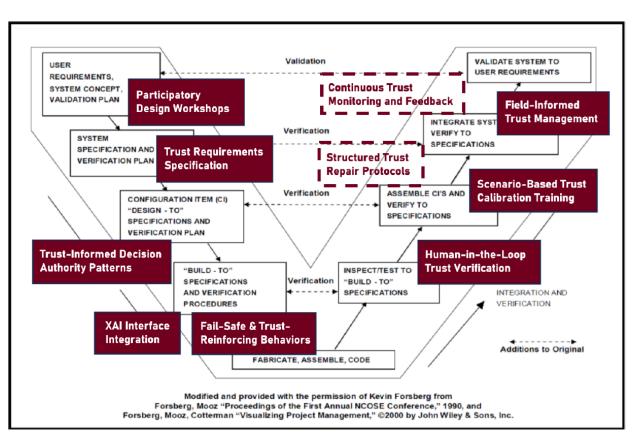
	Team 1									Team 2							
Factor	Judge 1	Judge 2	Judge 3	Judge 4	Judge 5	Judge 6	Judge 7	Judge 8	Judge 1	Judge 2	Judge 3	Judge 4	Judge 5	Judge 6	Judge 7	Judge 8	
SE activities	6	4	- 6	6	6	7	1	4	4	4	7	6	3	4	1	1	
Trust infrastructure	7	6	7	7	4	6	3	4	4	4	7	7	3	6	3	3	
Key workforce skills/abilities	6	4	6	4	3	6	6	2	4	4	7	6	6	7	6	6	
Added sensing	5	2	5	5	4	2	2	- 6	5	2	4	4	5	2	6	5	
Lethality	6	2	4	5	- 6	2	3	- 6	5	2	6	5	3	2	4	3	
Design patterns	5	7	7	- 6	6	5	7	4	6	. 7	6	6	6	7	7	4	
Risk-based monitoring/mgmt	6	5	7	5	3	6	7	3	5	4	6	6	5	2	6	3	
Quantitative methods	6	- 6	7	5	6	6	3	6	5	6	6	7	6	7	4	5	
Best practices	5	- 6	6	5	5	6	4	3	4	7	6	6	4	6	6	3	
Novel approaches	6	5	5	- 6	4	7	5	4	4	- 6	4	- 6	6	7	3	4	
Future plans	6	4	4	5	4	2	6	2	4	4	4	5	4	5	3	2	
Transition	6	5	7	6	5	6	1	4	4	4	7	6	4	6	1	3	
Total	89	70	90	82	69	80	58	58	66	66	91	89	67	78	60	52	

Final Approaches and Results

Approaches:

- GWU Established structured framework to evaluate human-AI collaboration architectures
- Purdue Extended aspects of the GWU framework, and utilized RL to explore human-Al interaction scenarios
- Old Dominion Developed a modular, transparent simulation framework
- Stevens Employed robust statistical analyses & Monte Carlo simulations
 - Virginia Tech Integrated trust into SE V-model with rigorous human-systems integration activities

 UVA Combined RL with explainable statistical methods & risk monitoring and outlined workforce capability requirements
- Arizona Did not participate in final heat due to unforeseen circumstances



VT V-Model Definition

Insights and Recommendations

Near-Term

Intermediate

Future

Systems
Engineering
(SE) Activities
and Artifacts

- Clearly document explicit trust requirements & trust calibration steps
- Organize rigorous participatory design sessions, targeting modularization
- Iterate on human-systems integration artifacts
- Establish iterative testing cadence and systematic refinement
- Structure V& V workflows

 Incorporate comprehensive SE frameworks with explicit trust requirements, iterative validation, and stakeholder engagement

Trust Validation Infrastructure

- Develop human-in-the-loop simulation frameworks
- Engineer clear visualization tools
- Employ large-scale modular simulation validated under variety of conditions for operational robustness
- Test operational visualization tools
- Establish resilience pipelines and methods integrated in the mission context
- Incorporate operational visualization tools into workflows and pipelines

- Workforce
 Skills & Team
 Competencies
- Prioritize technical proficiency foundational to interdisciplinary skills in hiring and team-building decisions
- Instantiate evaluations and continuous feedback mechanisms
- Evaluate cognitive agility and realtime risk assessment skills for operational effectiveness
- Promote continuous learning through training exercises and workshops to stay current with evolving technologies, threats, and best practices

Future Work

- Human-Al teaming, emphasizing human-in-the-loop participation in decision-making vs. fully autonomous systems.
- Operational resilience testing, including how to identify system failures under disturbance and how to assess trust degradation and recovery capabilities.
- Systematic risk management approaches, involving articulating risk indicators for AI subsystem failure or human-AI communication breakdowns.
- Assessing impact of accessing underlying detection methods and modifying system components on trustworthiness to enhance system interoperability and adaptability across various operational contexts.

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Email the PI: Emma Meno



emmam99@vt.edu

Email the research team: VT National Security Institute



emmam99@vt.edu

