

AI4SE & SE4AI Workshop 202. Washington, D.C., U.SA.. September 21-22, 2022

IS THE MACHINE A PARTNER OR A TOOL? **A MAJOR ISSUE OF HUMAN-AI TEAMING**



FlexTech

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ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)...

AI demonstrates intelligent behavior

- analyzes its environment
- acts to achieve specific goals with some degree of autonomy

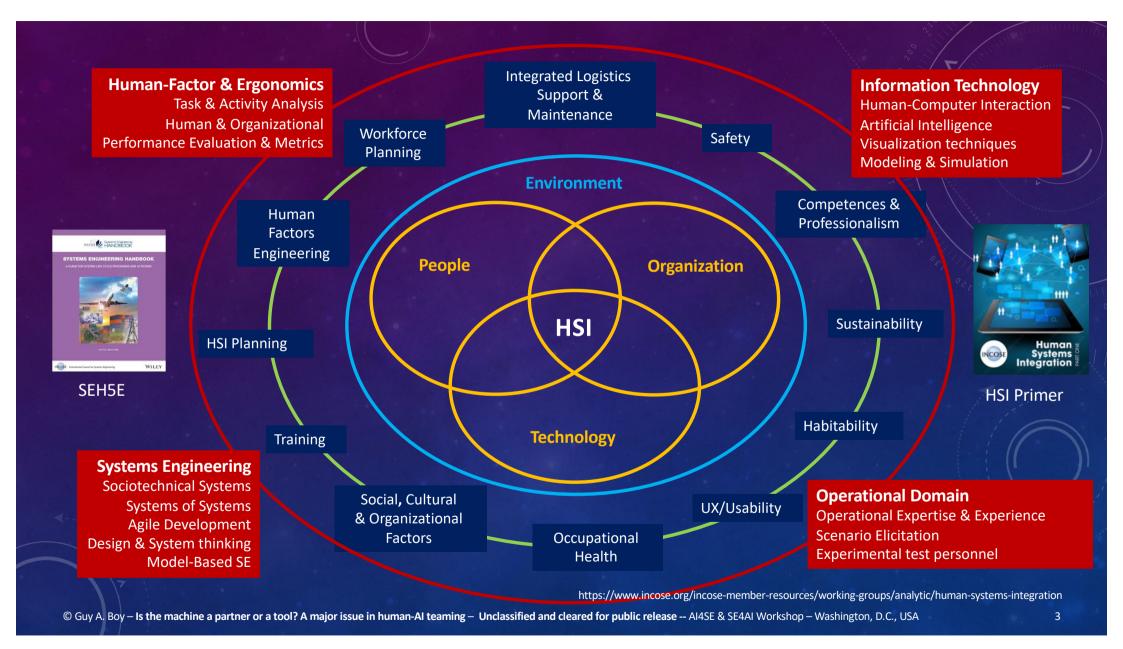
Al performs tasks that usually require human intelligence

e.g., perception, conversation, and decision-making

Knowledge-based systems Vision Speech Natural language processing Robotics Machine learning Planning

(Kanaan, 2020)

Human-AI Teaming is a matter of Human Systems Integration (HSI)

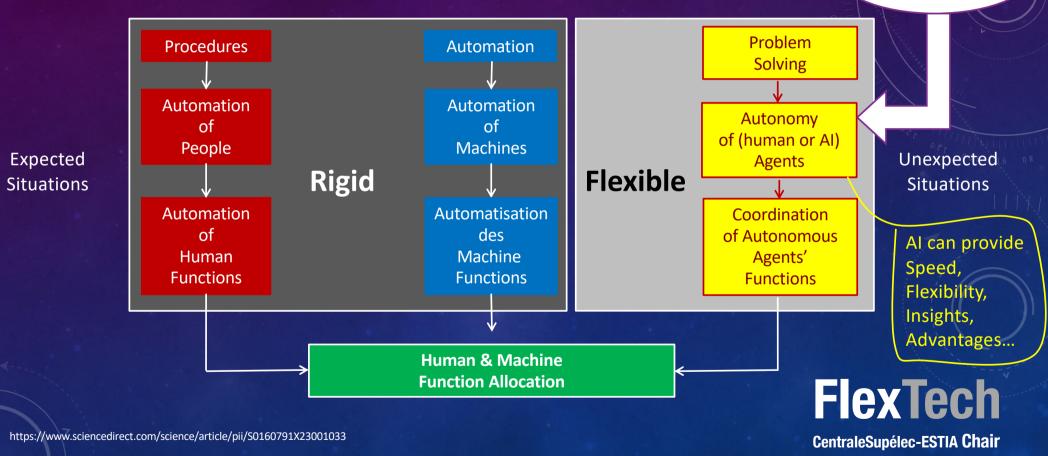




HUMAN-AI TEAMING...

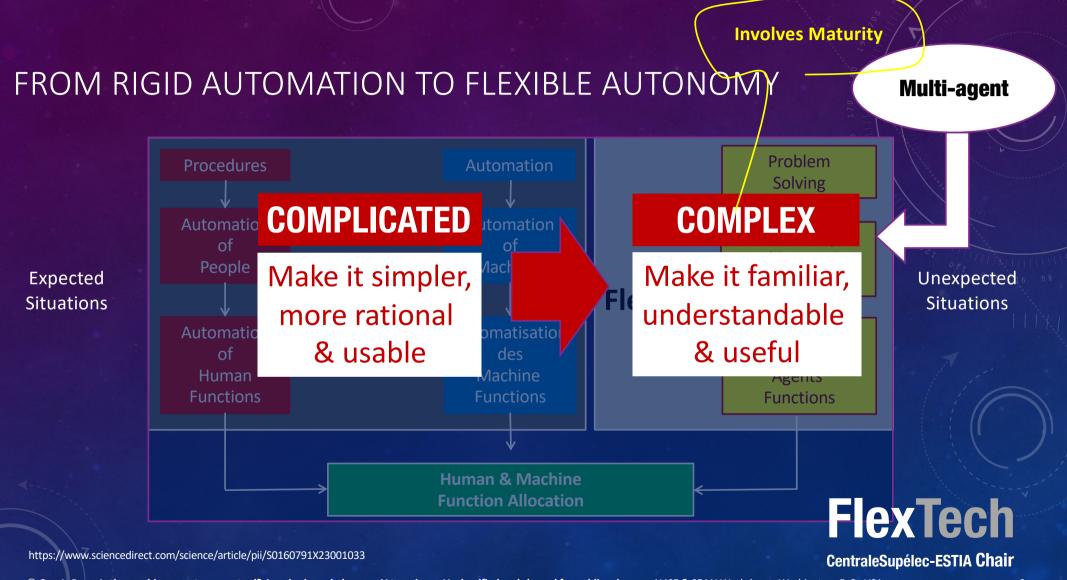
Procedures: Automation of people Monitoring of automated machines Problem solving otherwise...

FROM RIGID AUTOMATION TO FLEXIBLE AUTONOMY



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Multi-agent



READINESS LEVELS

Technology (TRL)



Human (HRL)

HRL	Description		
1	Relevant human capabilities, limitations, and basic		
	human performance issues and risks identified		
2	Human-focused concept of operations defined and		
	human performance design principles established		
3	Analyses of human operational, environmental,		
	functional, cognitive, and physical needs		
	completed, based on proof of concept		
4	Modeling, part-task testing, and trade studies of		
	user interface design concepts completed		
5	User evaluation of prototypes in mission-relevant		
	simulations completed to inform design		
6	Human-system interfaces fully matured as		
	influenced by human performance analyses,		
	metrics, prototyping, and high-fidelity simulations		
7	Human-system interfaces fully tested and verified		
	in operational environment with system hardware		
	and software and representative users		
8	Total human-system performance fully tested,		
	validated, and approved in mission operations,		
	using completed system hardware and software and		
	representative users		
9	System successfully used in operations across the		
	operational envelope with systematic monitoring of		
	human-system performance		

Organization (ORL)

ORL-0	First principles where potential organizational models are		
	explored.		
ORL-1	Goal-oriented research that requires making choices from first principles to practical fully digital organizational setups		
ORL-2	Proof of principle development, and active R&D is started in a virtual environment		
ORL-3	Virtual agile organizational prototype development and first HITLS (virtual HCD)		
ORL-4	Proof of organizational concept development using concrete scenario-based design from fully virtual to more tangible environments		
ORL-5	Assessing organization capability in terms of authority sharing (responsibility, accountability and control), trust, collaboration and coordination, for example		
ORL-6	Real-world use-case tests in a wider variety of situations - tangibilization continues		
ORL-7	Practical integration with respect to criteria such as safety, efficiency and comfort, at various levels of granularity of the organization – tangibilization continues		
ORL-8	Readiness for effective implementation on a real site (fully tangible) based on personnel feedback for deployment approval		
ORL-9	Deployment involving both personnel and real machines		

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0160791X23001033

FLEXIBILITY?

COMPLICATED

Make it simpler, more rational & usable



Make it familiar, understandable & useful

RIGID

FLEXIBLE

FOR OPERATIONS & ENGINEERING DESIGN

 \rightarrow Need for a systemic representation that covers both humans and machines

Including AI

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https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0160791X23001033

MOHICAN A HUMAN-AUTONOMY TEAMING (HAT) PROJECT

HAT performance evaluation in combat aircraft cockpit

A model of trust and collaboration

Level 1: Identification of trust & collaboration metrics (approaches and tools state of the art) Level 2: Definition of intermediate criteria contextualized with the operational environment. Level 3: Selection of objective and subjective measures using physiological methods & sensors

• Design of a tangible virtual assistant prototype

A research effort sponsored by DGA

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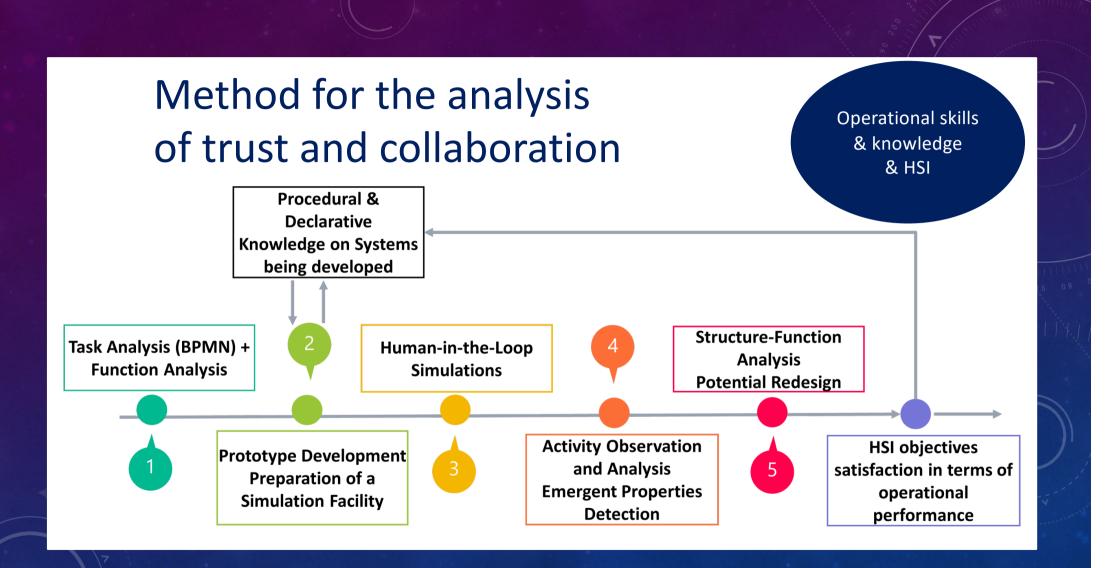
MONITORING HUMAN-MACHINE PERFORMANCE BY ANALYZING TRUST AND COOPERATION

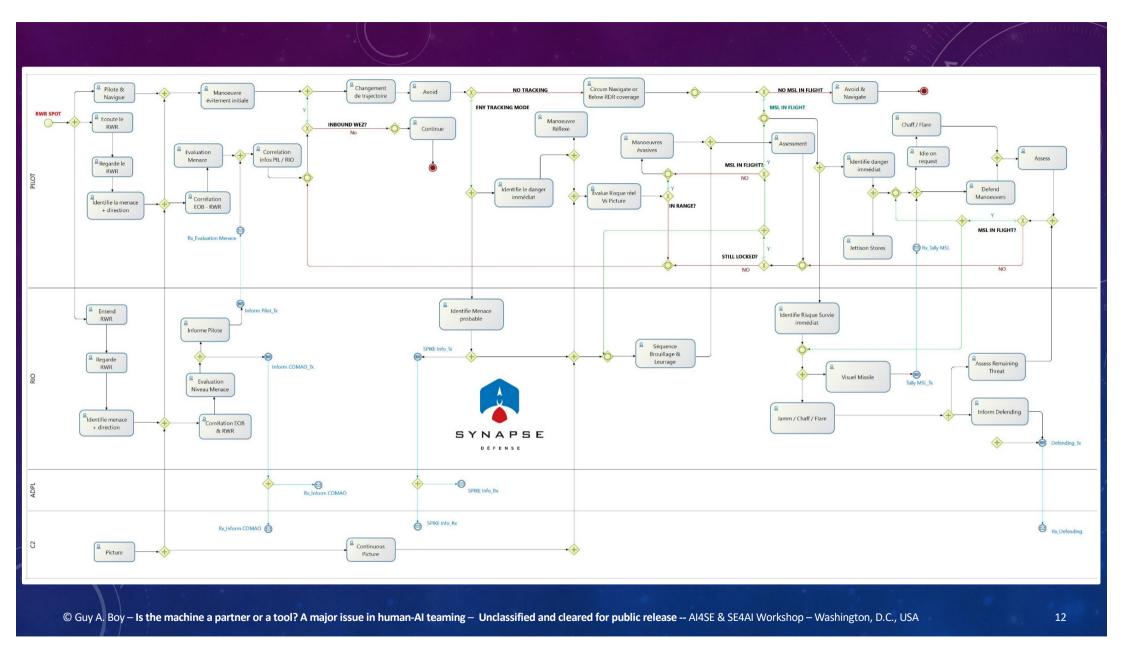
Objectives

- Propose and test a method to evaluate the performance of pilot-virtual assistant teaming...
 ... in the cockpit of a simulated fighter aircraft
- Define trust and collaboration models & metrics by
 - Considering pilot's context and environment
 - Building indicators based on operational experience
 - Building metrics based on tangible virtual prototypes
 - Developing virtual prototypes (virtual assistant) and experiments

Including AI

Human-Machine Teaming



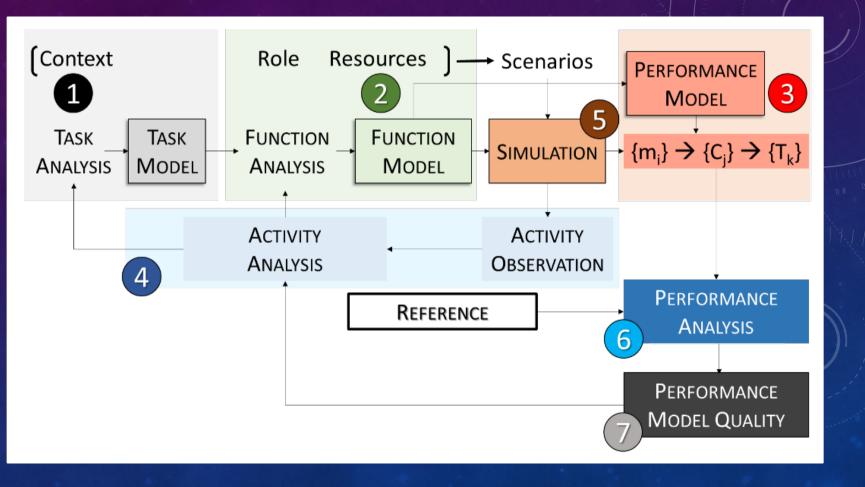


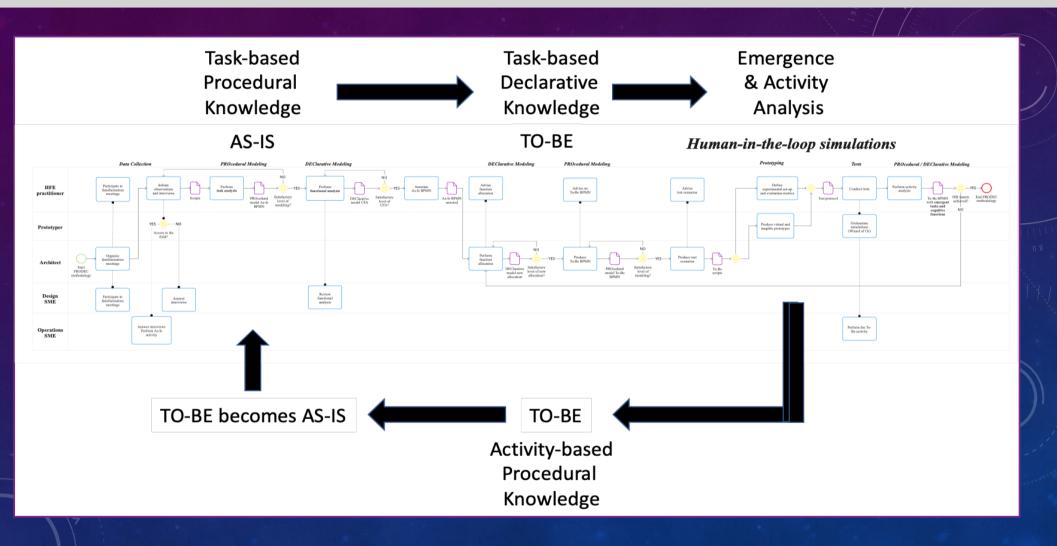
PRODEC METHOD USED IN MOHICAN

Task vs Activity

Procedural vs Declarative Knowledge

Boy, G.A. & Morel, C. (2022). The Machine as a Partner: Human-Machine Teaming Design using the PRODEC Method. *WORK: A Journal of Prevention, Assessment & Rehabilitation.* Vol. 73, no. S1, pp S15-S30. DOI: 10.3233/WOR-220268





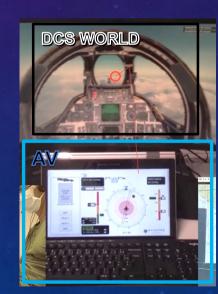




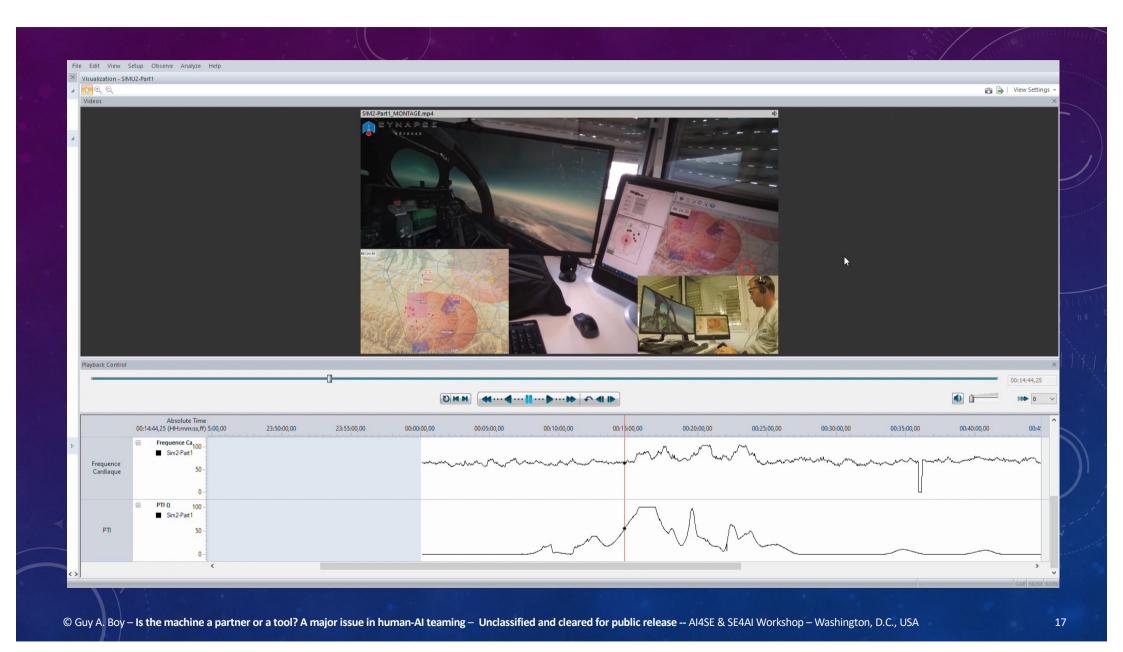
ADD – ON DECISION SUPPORT JOBS

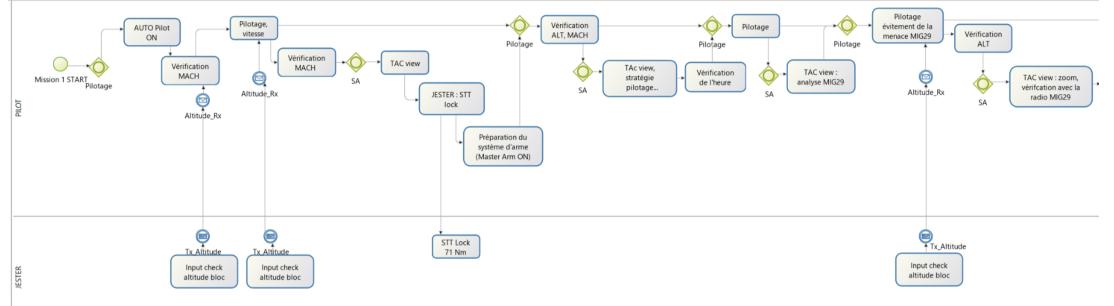
SIMULATION SET-UP







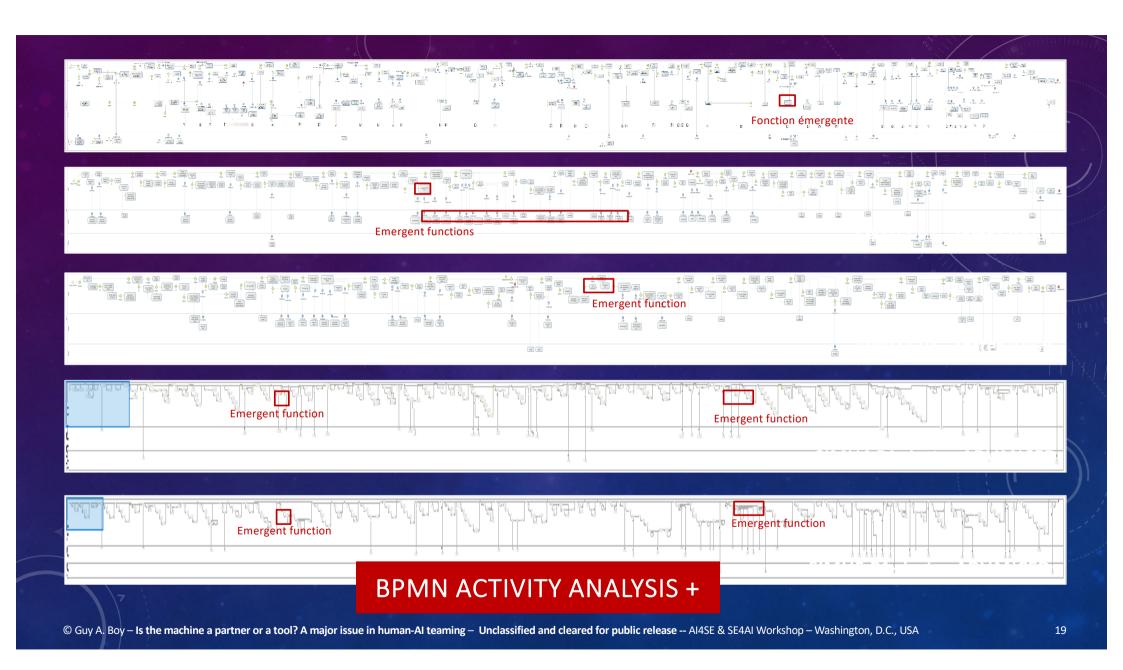




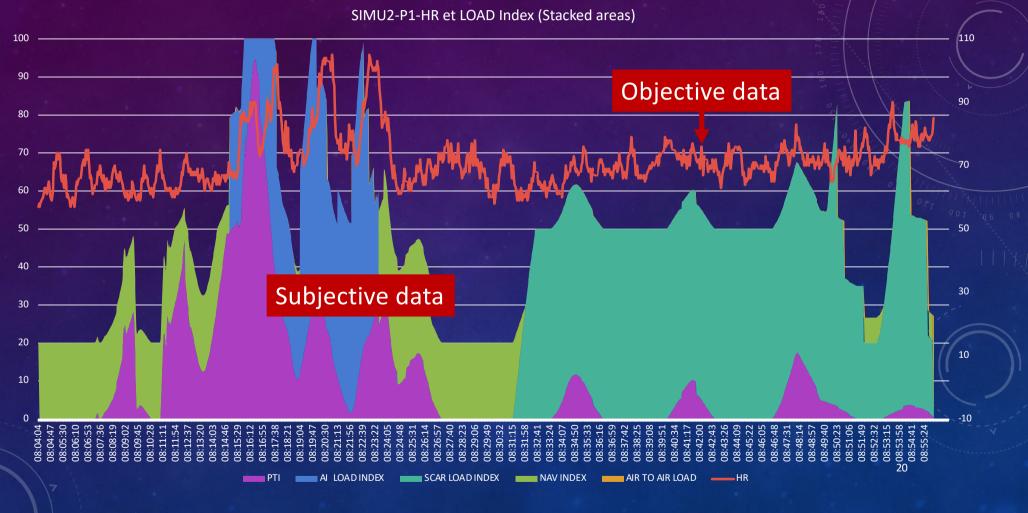
BPMN Activity Analysis

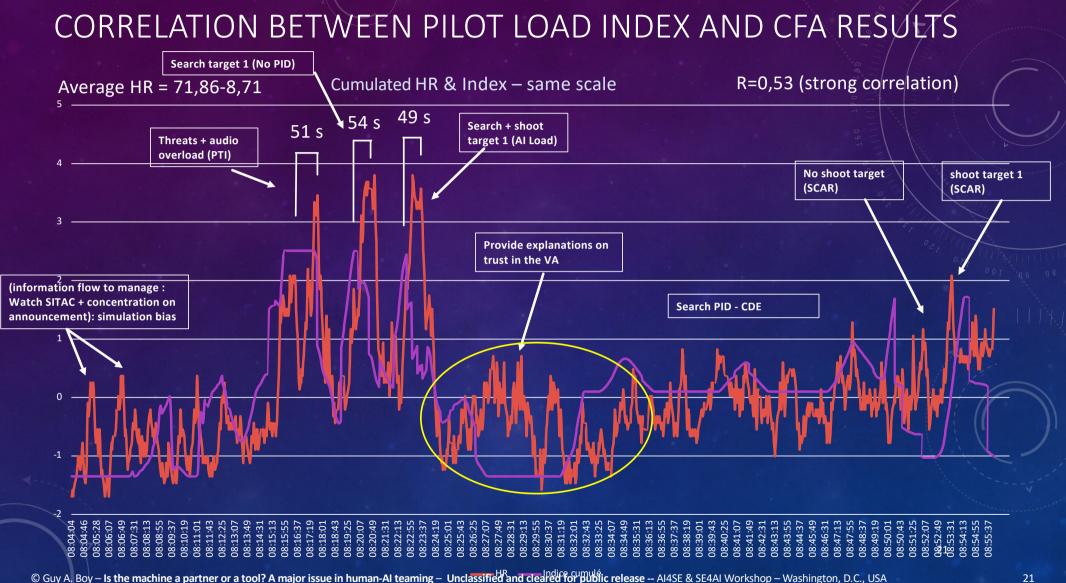
OTHER





CORRELATION BETWEEN PILOT LOAD INDEX AND CFA RESULTS

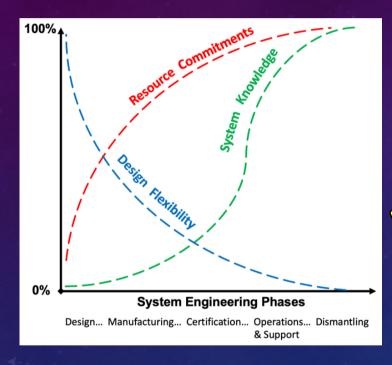


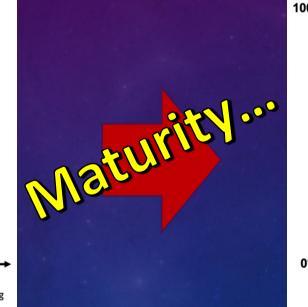


ELICITATION & VALIDATION OF EVALUATION CRITERIA

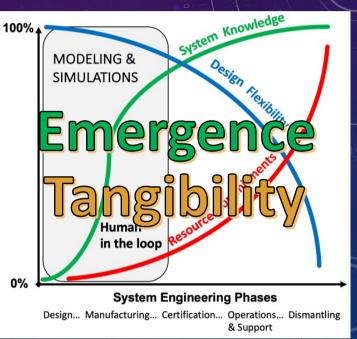
Metrics	Criteria	Measures
	Efficiency	Procected information (pilot actions)
	Effectivity	interaction time (Raw data - The Observer XT)
	Reliability/Robustness	Bug or functional default (experimenter)
Trust	Relevance	Added value (pilot)
		Perceived information (pilot)
	GICationsparency	Interpretated/comprehended information (pilot)
1 and 1	Flexibility/Adaptability	Adaptability to the pilot or to context (pilot)
Cer	Feedback quality	Quantity & nature of VA feedback (pilot)
Collaboration	Perceived relief of the task	Perceived relief of pilot's workload (pilot)
	No discomfort	Discomfort introduced by usage/announcement (pilot)

TECHNOLOGY-CENTERED ENGINEERING: LATE IN LIFE CYCLE





HUMAN-CENTERED DESIGN: WHAT WE REALLY WANT





https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0160791X23001033

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2024 FlexTech Spring School on Human-AI Teaming (HAT) A Human Systems Integration Approach

27-31 May 2024 - Radisson Blu, Biarritz, Basque Country, France

Purpose

Logistics

intensive week-long training and exchange seminar introduction to Human Systems Integration

integrating artificial intelligence (AI), systems engineering, human factors & ergonomics, and human-computer interaction

through incremental tangibilization of virtual prototypes

Radisson Blu Hotel, Biarritz, France with the best senior scientists and practionners limited to 60 participants worldwide arrival Sunday evening & departure Friday afternoon

THANK YOU!

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HUMAN-SYSTEMS

From Virtual to Tangible

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Guy André Boy



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