

Systems Engineering: Meeting the Challenges of the 21st Century

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The Role of SE







Systems Engineering

What: Systems Engineering is an interdisciplinary approach and means to enable the realization of successful systems.

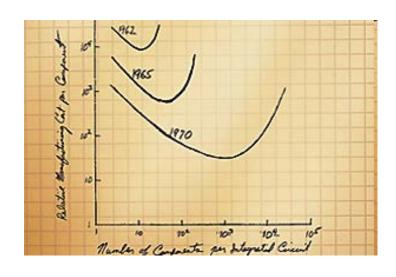
How: It focuses on defining customer needs and required functionality early in the development cycle, documenting requirements, then proceeding with design synthesis and system validation while considering the complete problem.

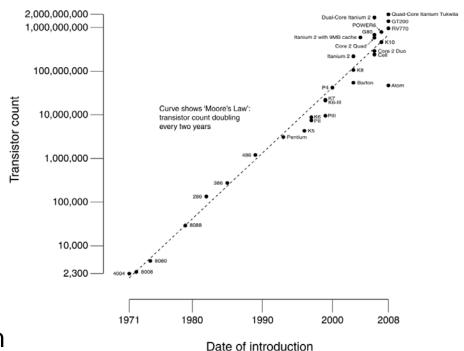
Source: INCOSE definition 14 June 2004



The Power of Scaling

CPU Transistor Counts 1971-2008 & Moore's Law



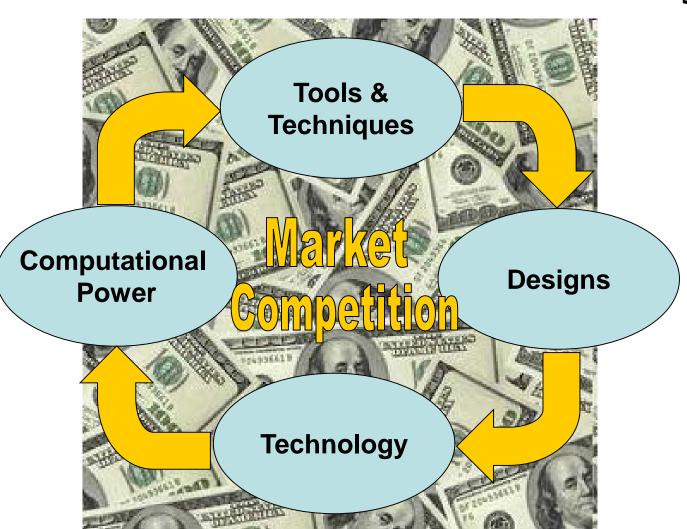


The density of transistors at minimum cost per device doubles every 24 months.

- Gordon Moore, 1965



Virtuous Cycle





Birth of the WWW

Compute Power

+
Bandwidth
+
DARPA





The Networked Universe





System Trends

- 1. Complexity: adaptive & emergent
- 2. Criticality: essential to day to day life
- 3. Security: increasingly valuable & vulnerable
- 4. Time Compression: we're all on internet time
- 5. Legacy: unplanned, ill-suited & growing
- 6. Workforce: great diversity, youth are perhaps best equipped for change & virtualization



SE Practices

- Current SE practices, to a large degree, are an early mainframe era implementation based on the Systems Principles and Theory developed in the 1930's through 1950's.
- Traditional SE Methods, Processes and Tools (MPTs) are not appropriate for net-centric systems with dynamic requirements, swiftly changing technologies, short planning cycles and action oriented management and practitioners.
- Linear improvement cannot keep up with the exponentially growing demands that are enabled by the underlying technologies and amplified by the aforementioned trends.
- Human capabilities are not improving at exponential rates.

Is Systems Engineering on the Curve?



Transforming SE

We postulate that the new paradigm must be:

- Agile: Allowing for quality, timely development with an incomplete and changing set of system requirements.
- Integrated: Part of the main development process and not an additional set of discretionary tasks.
- Lean: Providing the greatest amount of benefits with the minimal number of steps and least amount of effort.



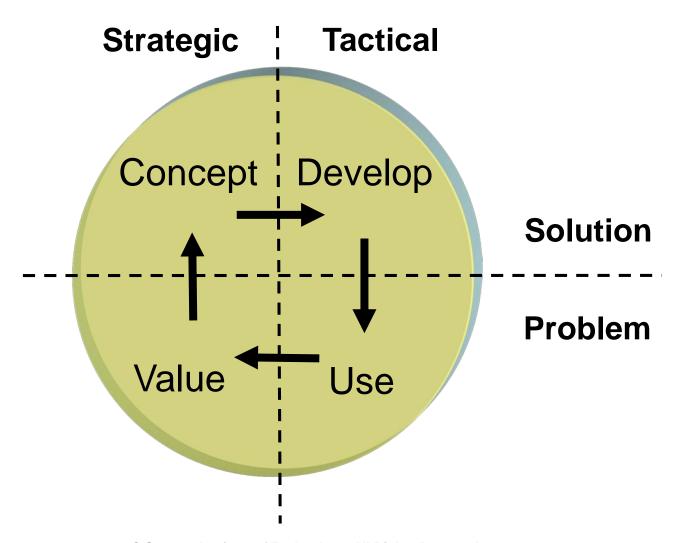
Transforming SE

We postulate that the new paradigm must be:

- Leveraged: Enabling exponential capability growth through the leveraging of computational and information technologies, and prior Systems work.
- Extensible: Providing the capability to expand and enhance capabilities for future growth without having to make major changes in the infrastructure.
- Implementable: Enabling widespread impact through workforce education and broad application.

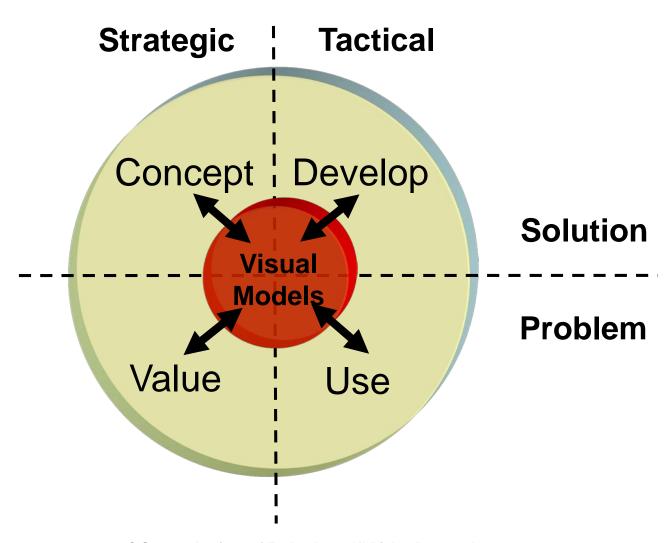


SE 'Phases'





SE 'Phases'

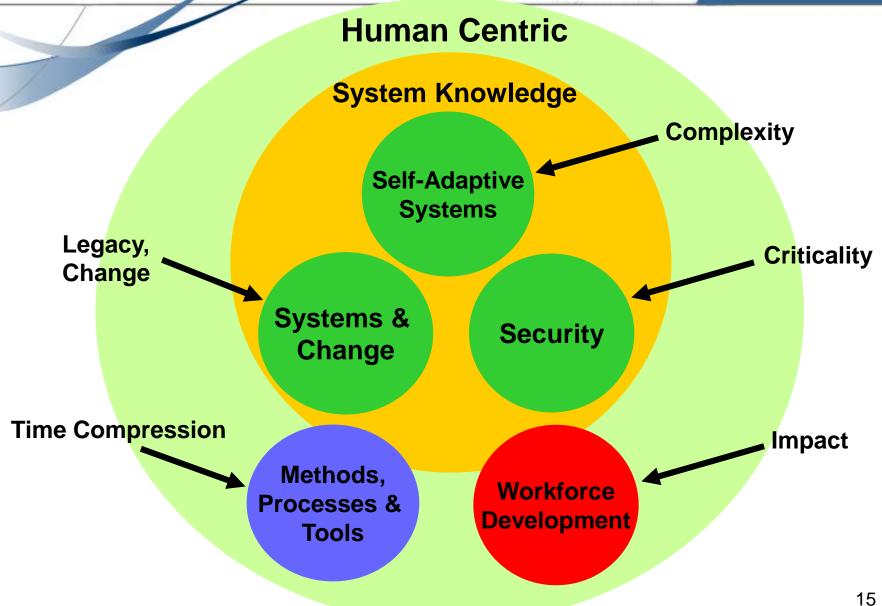




Necessary Changes

- Document based -> Model based
- Linear -> Opportunistic
- Sequential -> Consistent
- Human avoided -> Human integrated











SIT Research

Self-Adaptive Systems:

- Center for Complex and Adaptive Sociotechnical Systems Ali Mostashari
- Resilient Systems Roshanak Nilchiani
- Change-Adaptive Systems & Enterprises RT Ali Mostashari

Systems & Change:

- Systems Development & Maturity Laboratory Brian Sauser
- Systems Readiness Level Brian Sauser
- Cost modeling Jose Ramirez-Marquez

Security:

- Maritime Security Laboratory Julie Pullen
- Center for Secure and Resilient Maritime Commerce Michael Bruno - SES
- Security RT Stas Tarchalski



SIT Research

How? - Methods, Processes & Tools:

- Graphical Conops RT Rob Cloutier
- Evaluation of MPTs RT- Rich Turner
- System Engineering Transformation RT Jon Wade
- Systemigrams Brian Sauser
- Architectural Patterns Rob Cloutier

Who? - Workforce Development:

- GSwe2009 Art Pyster
- BKCASE Art Pyster
- Technical Leadership RT John Farr
- Asynchronous Learning Alice Squires
- Experience Accelerator RT Jon Wade
- Game Competition Eirik Hole
- SE Competencies Rashmi Jain
- CIESE Beth McGrath



Model Aided SE



Which is more Intuitive?







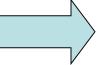
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Or Collaborative?

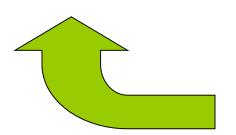






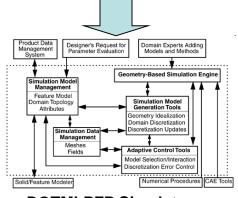


Graphical interface to allow interactive, collaborative creation of modular CONOPS model

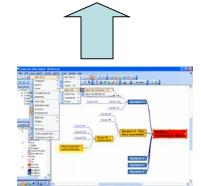




Portfolio of Canned Scenarios







Cause & Effect Analysis







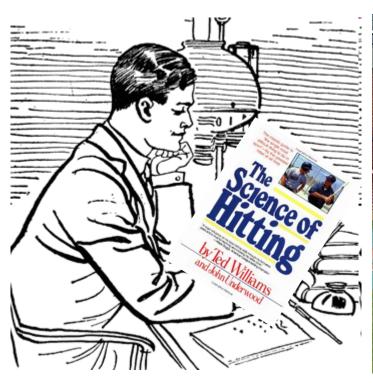
Customizable Presentation of Results



Development of Systems Engineers



What's More Effective?







SE Experience Accelerator







Self-Adaptive Systems

"I think the next century (21st) will be the century of complexity." Stephen Hawking



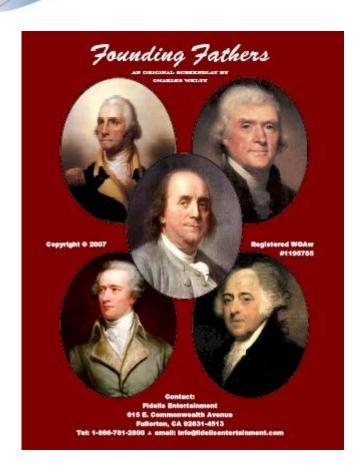
Distributed "Control"

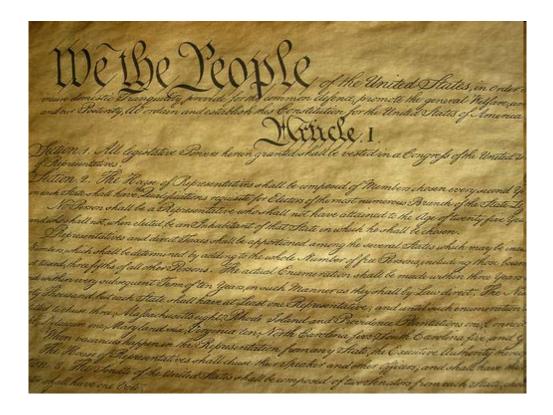
	Rules-based	Principles-based
Quantity	•Relatively large number	•Relatively small number
Content	Specific guidanceShort-term focusState processes	Ideas & conceptsLong-term focusState outcomes
Purpose	 Prescribe actions of individuals Provide group coordination through authority 	Guide thinkingProvide group coordination through influence

Source: Requirements Engineering for Complex Adaptive Systems: Principles vs. Rules, CSER 2009, Polacek & Verma. 27



Self-Adaptive Example





Architects

Architecture



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We depend on it





Thank you for your time and attention!